



CiTest LH Ovulation Rapid Test Midstream (Urine)

Package Insert

For Self-testing

REF FLH-CT103H English

【INTENDED USE】

The LH Ovulation Rapid Test Midstream (Urine) is a rapid chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of luteinizing hormone (LH) in urine to aid in the detection of ovulation.

【SUMMARY】

Ovulation is the release of an egg from the ovary. The egg then passes into the fallopian tube where it is ready to be fertilized. In order for pregnancy to occur, the egg must be fertilized by sperm within 24 hours after its release. Immediately prior to ovulation, the body produces a large amount of luteinizing hormone (LH) which triggers the release of a ripened egg from the ovary. This "LH surge" usually takes place in the middle of the menstrual cycle. The LH Ovulation Rapid Test Midstream (Urine) is a complete system to help predict the time of ovulation, and peak fertility. It is during this fertile time that pregnancy is most likely to occur. The LH Ovulation Rapid Test Midstream (Urine) detects the LH surge in urine, signaling that ovulation is likely to occur in the next 24-36 hours. The test utilizes a combination of antibodies including a monoclonal LH antibody to selectively detect elevated levels of LH. Important: The LH surge and ovulation may not occur in all menstrual cycles.

【PRINCIPLE】

Ovulation is the release of an egg from the ovary. The egg then passes into the fallopian tube where it is ready to be fertilized. In order for pregnancy to occur, the egg must be fertilized by sperm within 24 hours after its release. Immediately prior to ovulation, the body produces a large amount of luteinizing hormone (LH) which triggers the release of a ripened egg from the ovary. This is known as an "LH surge", and usually takes place in the middle of the menstrual cycle. It is during this fertile time that pregnancy is most likely to occur. It is important to note that an LH surge and ovulation may not occur in all cycles. The LH Ovulation Test is a rapid lateral flow immunoassay for the qualitative detection of LH surges in urine, signaling that ovulation is likely to occur in the next 24-36 hours. The test utilizes a combination of antibodies including a monoclonal LH antibody to selectively detect elevated levels of LH.

【SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND PREPARATION】

- Determine the optimal time for urine collection. For best results, collect urine at about the same time each day. Some women have found that their best specimen is after 12 noon. Do not collect the first urine specimen after waking up.
- Reduce liquid intake approximately 2 hours prior to urine collection.
- Record the date, cycle day and time of urine collection. See the TEST RESULTS CHART at the end of this package insert.
- Urine can be stored at room temperature for up to 8 hours or at 2-8°C for up to 24 hours. Do not freeze. For best results, test urine on the same day that it is collected. If refrigerated, let urine reach room temperature before testing. Do not shake the container. If a sediment forms at the bottom of the collection container, allow the sediment to settle. Use only urine from the top of the container.

【PRECAUTIONS】

Please read all the information in this package insert before performing the test.

- Do not use after the expiration date printed on the foil pouch.
- Do not use if pouch is torn or damaged.
- Store in a dry place at 2-30°C or 36-86°F. Do not freeze.
- Keep out of the reach of children.
- Do not open the test foil pouch until you are ready to start the test.
- For in vitro diagnostic use. Not to be taken internally.
- The used test should be discarded according to local regulations.

【MATERIALS】

Materials provided:

Test Midstream Package Insert

Materials required but not provided:

Specimen collection container Timer

【INSTRUCTIONS】

This kit contains 5 tests, allowing you to test on several days to find your most fertile time. Calculate when to start testing using the chart below.

- 1) First, determine your **Menstrual Cycle Length**. Your Menstrual Cycle Length is the number of days from the first day of your period (menstrual bleeding) to the last day before the next period starts.
- 2) Next, determine the **Days to Count Ahead** after the period to start testing. Find the menstrual cycle length on the first row of the chart below, and read the corresponding number in the second row. This is the number of days after your period to begin testing.
- 3) See the Example and Sample Calendar below to determine which day you should begin testing. First morning urine should **NOT** be used when testing for LH. For best results, you should test around the same time each day. You should reduce your liquid intake approximately 2 hours prior to testing.

When to Start Testing Chart

Menstrual Cycle Length	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Days to Count Ahead	6	6	7	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21

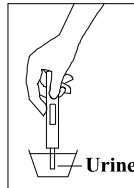
Example: My usual cycle length is 28 days. My last period started on the 3rd. The "When to Start Testing Chart" shows that I will count ahead 11 days beginning with the 3rd. When I count 11 days ahead on the calendar, I find that I will collect and test my urine starting on the 13th.

☐ First day of the last period

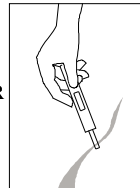
☐ Begin testing with the LH Ovulation Test

Sample Calendar

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
	1	2	③	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			



OR






【DIRECTIONS FOR USE】

Determine the day you will begin testing using the "When to Start Testing Chart".

1. Bring the pouch to room temperature before opening it. Remove the midstream test from the sealed pouch and use it within one hour.
2. Remove the Cap and place it over the Thumb Grip. (See the illustration)
3. Hold the midstream test by the capped Thumb Grip with the **exposed Absorbent Tip pointing downward directly into your urine stream for at least 15 seconds** until it is thoroughly wet. (See illustration)
NOTE: Do not urinate on the Result Window. If you prefer, you can urinate into a clean and dry container, then dip only the Absorbent Tip of the midstream test into the urine or at least 15 seconds.
4. After removing the midstream test from your urine, immediately replace the Cap over the Absorbent Tip, lay the midstream test on a flat surface with the Result Window facing upwards, and then begin timing.
5. As the test begins to work, you may notice a light colored flow moving across the Result Window. **Read the result at 3 minutes.** If no result appears, wait one minute longer. Do not read the result after 10 minutes.

【READING THE RESULTS】

-  **POSITIVE**
Two colored lines are visible, and the line in the Test Line Region is the same as or darker than the line in the Control Line Region. This indicates that you will probably ovulate in 24-36 hours.
-  **NEGATIVE**
Two colored lines are visible, but the line in the Test Line Region is lighter than the line in the Control Line Region, or there is no line in the Test Line Region. This indicates that no LH surge has been detected and daily testing should be continued.
-  **INVALID**
The result is invalid if no colored line appears in the Control Line Region, even if a line appears in the Test Line Region. You should repeat the procedure with a new test.

【LIMITATIONS】












1. For self-testing in vitro diagnostic use
2. This test may not be used as a form of birth control.
3. The test results should not be affected by pain relievers, antibiotics and other common drugs. Medication containing hCG or LH may affect the test and should not be taken while using the LH Ovulation Rapid Test Midstream (Urine). In addition, the test will not work properly for subjects who are pregnant, in menopause, or taking birth control pills.
4. Keep out of the reach of children.


【EXTRA INFORMATIONS】

1. **Q: Can I use the LH Ovulation Test to avoid pregnancy?**
A: No, the test should not be used as a form of birth control.
2. **Q: How accurate is the LH Ovulation Test?**
A: A clinical evaluation was conducted comparing the results obtained using the LH Ovulation Test to another commercially available urine membrane LH test. The in-house clinical trial included 300 urine specimens. The results demonstrated >99.9% specificity and >99.9% sensitivity with an overall accuracy of >99.9%.
3. **Q: How sensitive is the LH Ovulation Test?**
A: The LH Ovulation Test detects luteinizing hormone (LH) in urine at concentrations of 40 mIU/mL or higher. The addition of FSH (1,000 mIU/mL), hCG (10,000 mIU/mL), and TSH (1,000 µIU/mL) to negative (0 mIU/mL LH) and positive (40 mIU/mL LH) specimens showed no cross-reactivity.
4. **Q: Do alcohol or common medications affect the test?**
A: No, but you should consult your physician if you are taking any hormonal medication. Also, recent oral contraceptive use, breastfeeding, or pregnancy could affect the test results.
5. **Q: Why should I not use first morning urine? What time of the day should I perform the test?**
A: We do not recommend first morning urine because it is concentrated and may give a false positive result. Any other time of day is suitable. For best results, try to collect your urine at approximately the same time each day.
6. **Q: Will the amount of liquid I drink affect the result?**
A: Heavy intake of fluids prior to testing will dilute the hormone in your urine. We suggest that you limit your fluid intake for about two hours before you perform the test.
7. **Q: How long will the lines remain visible?**
A: The test should be read at 3 minutes for best results. A positive (Surge) result will never disappear. The colored line(s) may become darker and a tinted background may appear after several hours. Some negative results may later display a faint second color line because of evaporation from the test line. Therefore, you should not read the results after 10 minutes, discard the test once you have read the result.
8. **Q: Once I see a positive result, when is the best time to have intercourse?**
A: Ovulation is likely to occur within 24-36 hours. This is your most fertile time. Sexual intercourse within this time frame is advised.
9. **Q: I am now using the basal body temperature method (BBT). Does this test replace BBT?**
A: The LH Ovulation Test does not replace the BBT method. The shift in basal body temperature primarily indicates that ovulation has already occurred. The LH Ovulation Test indicates that ovulation is about to occur.
10. **Q: I received a positive result and had intercourse during these fertile days but I have not become pregnant. What shall I do?**
A: There are many factors that can affect your ability to become pregnant. It can take normal, healthy couples many months to achieve a pregnancy and often you may need to use the test kit for 3-4 months before achieving pregnancy. If pregnancy is not achieved after 3-4 months, you and your partner should consult your physician.
11. **Q: I have had a positive result and had intercourse during these fertile days. I think I may be pregnant. How soon can I find out?**
A: The LH Ovulation Test can provide you with results as early as the first day of your missed period.

【BIBLIOGRAPHY】

1. Elkind-Hirsch, K; Goldzieher, JW; Gibbons, WE and Besch, PK. Obstetrics and Gynecology, 67(3): 450-453, 1986.

	Attention, see instructions for use		Tests per kit		Do not reuse
	For in vitro diagnostic use only		Use by		Catalog #
	Store between 2-30°C		Lot Number		Consult Instructions For Use
	Do not use if package is damaged		Manufacturer		

 **CITEST DIAGNOSTICS INC.**
170-422 Richards Street
Vancouver BC, V6B 2Z4, Canada